# Uinta-Watach-Cache National Forest - Spanish Fork Ranger District

## INGRAM-SOLDIER ALLOTMENT ANNUAL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS 2016



#### PERMITTED USE

Permittee	Permitted Use	Authorized Use	Brand	Brand Location
Red Pine	McKinney Band 1020 ewe/lamb	McKinney Band 1200 ewe/lamb	M	СВ
Ranches	06/06 to 06/15 10/16 to 10/23	06/06 to 06/15 10/16 to 10/23	7	СВ
Red Pine Ranches	Center Canyon Band 1111 ewe/lamb 06/06 to 06/25 10/16 to 10/23	Center Canyon Band 1200 ewe/lamb 06/06 to 06/25 10/16 to 10/23	Ł	СВ

### **GRAZING ROTATION**

The Ingram Soldier Allotment is grazed in conjunction with the McKinney and Center Canyon Allotments on the Heber District. It is grazed first and last during the grazing season. The sheep use the Heber District during mid-season. The McKinney band will use the South Pasture of the Ingram-Solider Allotment. One year they will use the west side first and the next year they will use the east side first. The Center Canyon Band will use the Averett Pasture. One year the sheep will graze counter clockwise and the next year they graze clockwise. In the fall, after the lambs are shipped these two bands are combined and into a single band on the Ingram-Soldier Allotment. The grazing rotation for the 2016 grazing season is listed below.

Band of Sheep	Pasture	Area	Livestock Numbers	Dates	Days* Center Canyon Band	Days* McKinney Band
Center Canyon	Averett	Counter clockwise	1200 ewe/lamb	06/06 to 06/25	20	
McKinney/Davis	South	East side first	1200 ewe/lamb	06/06 to 06/10		10
Center Canyon McKinney	Entire Allotment	Entire Allotment	2400 ewes	10/16 to 10/23 10/16 to 10/23	8	8
Total					38	18



### FOREST PLAN AND ALLOTMENT MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS

The Uinta National Forest Land and Resource Management Plan, which was approved in 2003 and the allotment management plan for the Ingram-Soldier Allotment which was approved on June 22, 1993 list the following standards, guidelines and objectives:

## **Upland Forage Utilization**

Limit grazing to meet the following utilization levels on non-riparian vegetation types based on the annual average of the current year's growth.

### **Forage Utilization Standards**

	Forage Utilization			
Vegetation Type	Very Early –	Mid – Late		
- VI	Early Seral	Seral		
General Uplands and Winter Range				
Upland shrublands (sagebrush, snowberry, mountain				
mahogany species, cliffrose, bitterbrush, saltbrush, and	40%	60%		
mountain brush)				
Grasslands	45%	65%		
Forest-wide				
Sub-alpine shrublands	25%	35%		
Sub-alpine grasslands	40%	45%		

### **Riparian Forage Utilization**

*Standard:* Limit grazing to meet the following utilization levels within Riparian Habitat Conservation Areas (RHCAs) based on the average current year's growth.



<sup>\*</sup>The above rotation dates are flexible based on utilizations listed below. Sheep can only trail through the closed watershed area.

#### **Utilization Standards by RHCA Class**

	3.50	Utilization Standard by Season of Use			Use
RHCA Class	Minimum Percent of Stream Length	Very Early – Early		Mid – Late Seral	
		Early	Late	Early	Late
	Min	imum Greenlin	e Stubble Heigh	nt <sup>1</sup>	
Class I	90%	5"	6"	4"	5"
Left Fork White	e River , Lower Middle	e Fork White River,	Watch Canyon		
Class II	80%	4"	5"	3"	4"
None					
Class III	70%	3"	4"	2"	3"
Remainder of S	treams				
		Forage Utiliza	tion Limits <sup>2</sup>		
Forage Utilization Limits <sup>2</sup>					
Class I	90%	45%	35%	55%	45%
Class II	80%	50%	40%	60%	50%
Class III	70%	60%	50%	65%	55%
Willow Utilization <sup>2</sup>					
Class I	90%	N/A	35%	N/A	50%
Class II	80%	N/A	35%	N/A	50%
Class III	70%	N/A	35%	N/A	50%

Note: There are no willow utilization standards for early season use.

It is the permittee's responsibility to make sure allowable use standards are not exceeded, especially in riparian areas. Permittees are encouraged to herd sheep away from riparian areas since they are generally the first areas utilized. If use along riparian areas reaches Forest Plan Standards and Guidelines, even if forage remains on the uplands, permittees will be required to remove sheep from the entire pasture or allotment.

#### **Riparian Habitat Conservation Area (RHCA)**

Portions of *watersheds* where *riparian*-dependent resources receive primary emphasis and management activities are subject to specific standards and guidelines. RHCAs include traditional *riparian* corridors, *wetlands*, *perennial* and *intermittent* streams, and other areas that help maintain the integrity of aquatic *ecosystems*. There are three RHCA classes of varying widths offering varying levels of protection: class I with widths extending 300 feet from each edge of the waterbody (600 feet total); class II with widths extending 200 feet from each edge of the waterbody (400 feet total); and class III with widths extending 100 feet from each edge of the waterbody (200 feet total). For a list of the criteria used to determine the RHCA class for each stream or waterbody on the Forest, see Appendix D of the 2003 Forest Plan.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Height of key species (palatable, hydrophytic species indicative of mid to late seral riparian plant communities, or as indicated in the site-specific Allotment Management Plan). If acceptable "key species" are absent from a site, only utilization standards shall be used.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Percent of total average annual growth.

#### **Additional Forest Plan Standards and Guidelines**

*Guideline:* Maintain adequate ground cover to filter runoff and prevent detrimental erosion in Riparian Habitat Conservation Areas (RHCAs).

### Riparian Habitat Conservation Area (RHCA) Ground Cover Requirements

RHCA	Minimum Ground Cover Requirement	Minimum Percent of RHCA to Meet Requirement
Class I	90% of Potential	90%
Class II	80% of Potential	80%
Class III	80% of Potential	70%

Standard: Locate livestock salt grounds outside of Riparian Habitat Conservation Areas (RHCAs).

*Standard:* Locate new livestock troughs, tanks, and holding facilities out of Riparian Habitat Conservation Areas (RHCAs). For existing livestock handling facilities inside RHCAs, assure that facilities do not prevent attainment of aquatic Forest Plan management direction. Modify, relocate, or close existing facilities where aquatic Forest Plan management direction cannot be met.

Guideline: Minimize trailing livestock through Riparian Habitat Conservation Areas (RHCAs). Close or relocate livestock driveways to minimize impacts to RHCAs.

Standard: Locate sheep bed grounds outside of Riparian Habitat Conservation Areas (RHCAs).

Guideline: Implement intensive grazing management that provides periodic rest designed to achieve and maintain desired vegetation community composition and structure.

Guideline: Subject to valid existing rights, free-flowing water and associated riparian vegetation communities should be retained at developed spring sites. If possible, existing spring developments should be modified to return water to riparian ecosystems within the source drainage.

Guideline: Avoid equipment operation in stream courses, open water, seeps, or springs. If use of equipment in such areas is required, impacts should be minimized.

*Guideline*: Limit equipment operation in Riparian Habitat Conservation Areas (RHCAs). If the use of equipment in these areas is required, incorporate additional mitigation to minimize adverse impacts.

Guideline: Maintain at least 70 percent of potential effective ground cover to provide nutrient cycling and protect the soil from erosion in excess of soil loss tolerance limits.

Guideline: Sheep should graze through foraging areas only once and should not return to the same area at a later date during the same grazing season.



Guideline: Limit use of traditional bed grounds and salting areas to twice on the same bed ground during a grazing season. Some areas in unsatisfactory condition may require closure of bed grounds to improve vegetative conditions.

Standard: Provide wildlife escape ramps in all developed water sources.

Guideline: Provide for wildlife movement through and/or around structures or project sites such as fences, spring developments, guzzlers, roads, and ditches.

Guideline: Defer livestock grazing in areas disturbed by wildland fire or other natural events until vegetation has reestablished sufficiently, but for no less than two growing seasons.

*Standard:* Only certified noxious weed-free hay or feed is allowed on National Forest land, including hay or feed for use by recreational livestock. Any materials such as hay, straw, or mulch that are used for rehabilitation and reclamation activities shall be certified weed-free.

### **Allotment Management Plan Objectives**

Improve vegetative condition to at least mid seral conditions and maintain these conditions thereafter.

### **Other Requirements**

*Camps:* Campsites will be kept clean and sanitary. Dispose of refuse correctly. All unburnable garbage must be removed from the Forest and disposed of. <u>Do not bury</u>.

*Actual Use:* Please complete the enclosed actual use record form at the close of the grazing season and return to the Spanish Fork Ranger District before December 1.

*Salt:* Salt will be used as a tool to improve livestock distribution. Place salt where use is light, such as ridge tops and areas away from water. Avoid stock tanks, wet meadows, and creek bottoms. Place salt away from roads and developed trails.

State Livestock Health Laws: All owners of livestock must comply with state livestock health laws.

*Dead Livestock:* Livestock which die within 100 yards of public roads or live water will be disposed of in a manner approved by the District Ranger or his/her representative.

Off Road Vehicle Use: Off road vehicle use for reconstruction or maintenance of range improvements (when hauling materials only) listed in these operating instructions is hereby authorized. ATVs can be used to haul salt on system and non-system roads or trails. No new trails or roads can be made. Use of off road vehicles is limited to periods of time when weather and ground conditions are such that rutting and soil movement will not occur. Any other off road vehicle use shall be approved in advance (location and time) by the District Ranger or his/her representative. Absent this approval, travel restrictions described in the Forest Supervisors Order of May 27, 2005 and in the Uinta National Forest Summer Travel Map (2007) apply.

*Payment of Fees:* The permittee will not allow owned or controlled livestock to be on Forest Service-administered lands unless the fees specified in the Bill for Collection are paid.



*Compliance:* The permittee is responsible for compliance with the terms and conditions of the grazing permit, allotment management plan, operating instructions and the directions of the Forest Officer in charge. Failure to meet these terms and conditions is violation of the grazing permit.

#### **SCHEDULED ACTIVITIES**

✓ There are no scheduled activates on the allotment this year.

#### MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITIES

The permittee is responsible for all improvements assigned in the term grazing permit and listed in these operating instructions. Maintenance shall mean the timely repair of management facilities to a condition adequate to perpetuate the life of the facility and to serve the purpose intended. All improvements will be maintained to the standard for which they were constructed. Maintenance includes permittee responsibility for furnishing the materials needed for repairs. Allotment boundary fences must be maintained before sheep enter the allotment. Pasture division fences and water developments must be maintained before sheep can enter each pasture. Improvements will be maintained to the following standards:

### Posts, Poles and Bucks

Replace broken or rotten posts, bucks, brace poles and poles

Notch poles and attach to posts or bucks with spikes

Straighten and re-tamp loose wood brace and line posts

Straighten or replace bent steel posts

#### Wire

Replace broken wire if necessary

Splice wire with double strand 12-gauge minimum size barbed wire or smooth wire

Wrap end of broken wires back around itself to form eye

Place splicing wire through eye and wrap back around itself

Make at least three wraps in each eye

Make wraps adjacent to each other

Re-space wire where spacing has been altered

Measure spacing from ground line in inches

4-wire 16 24 32 42 3 wire 18 28 40

Re-stretch wires tight with consideration for contraction and expansion

Wire will not be twisted or kinked

#### **Stays**

Replace broken or missing stays

Straighten bent wire stays

#### Trees

Remove all fallen trees from fences

Do not use logs and/or brush instead of poles or wire

If wire is attached to trees, nail wood slab to tree and staple wire to slab

#### Gates

Stretch wire so gates will not sag, but easily open and close



Make gate loops with smooth wire

#### **Wire Fasteners**

Replace missing staples and steel post clip

Drive staples diagonally into bucks, braces and stays

Drive staples in wood posts, bucks and stays so wire can move

Drive staples in brace posts so wire cannot move

### **Water Developments**

Keep troughs clean and free of debris

Repair leaks in troughs

Level water troughs

Replace broken trough braces

Replace or install small animal escape devices in troughs

Unplug pipelines if necessary

Replace trough plugs is missing

Replace broken pipes

Waterlines should be buried to protect from livestock

Clean and repair overflows

Maintain spring head fence according to above specifications

Clean spring boxes or debris and secure cover

Drain water troughs and pipelines at the end of the season

Maintain overflows from ponds, keep spillways clan and protected from washing out

### Maintenance responsibilities are listed below and shown on the attached map:

Map #	Improvement	Description	Maintenance	Infra #
1	Ingram-Soldier Corral (abandoned)	125 x120 foot wood post corral with rails, net wire and wood slabs	None	805003
2	Ingram-Soldier Pond #1	25 x 60 foot earthen pond	Red Pine	805001
3	Ingram-Soldier Pond #2	40 x 25 foot earthen pond	Red Pine	805002
4	County Line Pond #1	12 x 18 x 2 foot earthen pond	Red Pine	805005
5	County Line Pond #2	25 x 20 x 3 foot earthen pond	Red Pine	805004

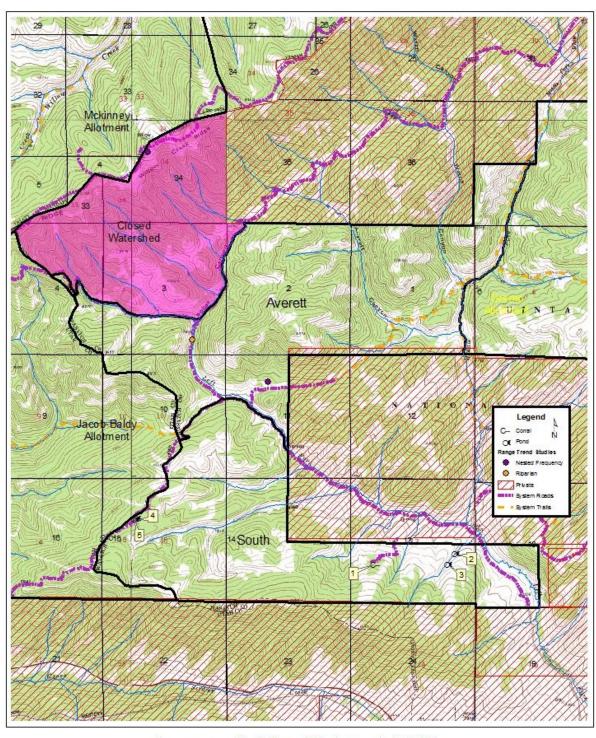
Changes in these annual operating instructions must be approved in advance by the Forest Service. We look forward to working with you this coming grazing season



## **INGRAM-SOLDIER ALLOTMENT ANNUAL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS 2016**

PERMITTEE	DATE
SPANISH FORK DISTRICT RANGER	DATE





Ingram - Soldier Allotment 2016





